



Aspire Curriculum Knowledge Organiser: A Journey Through Time Ancient Egyptians



Big Question: What can we learn about Ancient Egypt from what has survived?

Year 6

Autumn 1

What? Key Knowledge Takeaways	Who? Famous People	Key Vocabulary	Definition																								
<p>-Egypt is situated in the northeast corner of Africa.</p> <p>-Whilst some pyramids were tombs, not all pharaohs were buried in pyramids. Some pyramids can be visited by tourists today such as the Great Pyramid of Giza which stands at 147 meters tall and took over twenty years to build.</p> <p>-The Ancient Egyptians believed in an Afterlife, where the soul would meet the body again, so they mummified their Pharaohs.</p> <p>- The Ancient Egyptian Civilization occurred around the same time that Stonehenge was built and the Stone Age - Iron age occurred.</p> <p>-Egypt would not have thrived had it not been for the River Nile. The River Nile would flood to ensure crop growth.</p> <p>-The Ancient Egyptians used small pictures to communicate ideas. This writing is known as hieroglyphs.</p> <p>-The Ancient Egyptians have impacted our world significantly; they gave us things like paper, make up, toothpaste and much more.</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Tutankhamun</td> <td>King Tut lived around 1332 BC to 1323 BC, and because he was only ten years old when he became a pharaoh, he was called the 'boy king'.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cleopatra VII</td> <td>Cleopatra was one of the most famous women in history. She ruled ancient Egypt for 21 long years. She was the last Pharaoh of Egypt.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Howard Carter</td> <td>Howard Carter was a British Archaeologist, who became world-famous after discovering the tomb of Tutankhamun, in November 1922.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Khufu</td> <td>Khufu was the second pharaoh of the fourth dynasty, who built the infamous Great Pyramid in Giza.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rameses II</td> <td>Rameses II was a pharaoh who is often referred to as the greatest, most celebrated and most powerful pharaoh of the New Kingdom.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Djoser</td> <td>This famous third dynastic pharaoh is known for overseeing the famous step pyramid at Saqqara which is a famous milestone in Egyptian architecture. Djoser was also buried in this pyramid.</td> </tr> </table>	Tutankhamun	King Tut lived around 1332 BC to 1323 BC, and because he was only ten years old when he became a pharaoh, he was called the 'boy king'.	Cleopatra VII	Cleopatra was one of the most famous women in history. She ruled ancient Egypt for 21 long years. She was the last Pharaoh of Egypt.	Howard Carter	Howard Carter was a British Archaeologist, who became world-famous after discovering the tomb of Tutankhamun, in November 1922.	Khufu	Khufu was the second pharaoh of the fourth dynasty, who built the infamous Great Pyramid in Giza.	Rameses II	Rameses II was a pharaoh who is often referred to as the greatest, most celebrated and most powerful pharaoh of the New Kingdom.	Djoser	This famous third dynastic pharaoh is known for overseeing the famous step pyramid at Saqqara which is a famous milestone in Egyptian architecture. Djoser was also buried in this pyramid.	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Pharaoh</td> <td>The kings or queens of Ancient Egypt. Ironically, the Egyptians never used the term pharaoh - it came from an old English word.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Curator</td> <td>A keeper or custodian of a museum or collection.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dynasties</td> <td>A line of hereditary rulers of a country.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mummification</td> <td>A process where the skin and flesh of a corpse is preserved and the body is prepared for the afterlife.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hierarchy</td> <td>A system in which members of a society are ranked in order of relative status or authority.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Agriculture</td> <td>The practice of farming, including the cultivation of the soil for growing crops and rearing animals.</td> </tr> </table>	Pharaoh	The kings or queens of Ancient Egypt. Ironically, the Egyptians never used the term pharaoh - it came from an old English word.	Curator	A keeper or custodian of a museum or collection.	Dynasties	A line of hereditary rulers of a country.	Mummification	A process where the skin and flesh of a corpse is preserved and the body is prepared for the afterlife.	Hierarchy	A system in which members of a society are ranked in order of relative status or authority.	Agriculture	The practice of farming, including the cultivation of the soil for growing crops and rearing animals.	
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When? Timeline

3100 – 2950 BC	2575 – 2150 BC	1332 –1323 BC	1279 – 1213BC	196 BC	51 – 30 BC	30BC	AD 1922
Hieroglyphics are First used	The Great Pyramids are built	Tutankhamun ruled over Egypt	The reign of Rameses II	The Rosetta Stone is carved	The reign of Cleopatra VII	Romans invade and conquer Egypt.	Howard Carter discovers Tutankhamun's tomb