



Aspire Curriculum Knowledge Organiser: Global/Current Affairs

Big Question: Does everyone have the same rights?

Year 3

Summer 2



What? Key Knowledge Takeaways

Human rights are the basic rights and freedoms that belong to every **person** in the world, from birth until death.

UNICEF, work to build a better world for every child, every day, everywhere.

UNICEF created the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. It outlines 54 articles that cover all aspects of a child's life and sets out all of the rights that children are entitled to. It also explains how adults and governments must work together to make sure all children enjoy their rights.

Every child has rights whatever their: ethnicity, gender, religion, language or ability.

Numerous charities from wealthier countries support developing countries in order for them to deliver these rights to all citizens and children.

UN Convention on the Rights of the Child

Survival

You have a right to life, good food, water, and to grow up healthy.

Development

You have a right to an education, and to play and to work.

Participation

You have a right to say how you feel, be listened to, and taken seriously.

Protection

You have a right to be treated well and not to be hurt or ignored.

1 Every child has the right to a name and to be registered.	2 Every child has the right to a family and to live with their parents.	3 Every child has the right to a good standard of living.	4 Every child has the right to the best health care available.	5 Every child has the right to an education.	6 Every child has the right to play and to be treated as an individual.
7 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	8 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	9 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	10 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	11 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	12 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.
13 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	14 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	15 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	16 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	17 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	18 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.
19 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	20 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	21 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	22 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	23 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	24 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.
25 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	26 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	27 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	28 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	29 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	30 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.
31 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	32 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	33 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	34 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	35 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	36 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.
37 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	38 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	39 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	40 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	41 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.	42 Every child has the right to be treated as an individual.

Key Vocabulary	Definition
Right	A moral or legal entitlement to have or do something.
Fair	Treating people equally without favouritism or discrimination.
Equal	A person or thing that is the same as another in status or quality.
Charity	An organisation set up to provide help and raise money for those in need.
Continent	A continent is a very large area of land, such as Africa or Asia, that consists of several countries.
Poverty	Not having enough money for basic needs eg food, drinking water and shelter.



Source: countries of the world.com
Free for personal and educational use.